

WELTHUNGERHILFE ...

- One of Germany's largest private aid agencies
- Pursues a holistic concept ranging from immediate disaster relief and reconstruction to long-term development projects

3,200 employees from

91 nations work in

37 countries and

266 local partners cooperate with WHH to achieve

1 GOAL: ZERO HUNGER



FAO Hunger Map



Prevalence of Undernourishment 2020-2022 SDG Indicator 2.1.1

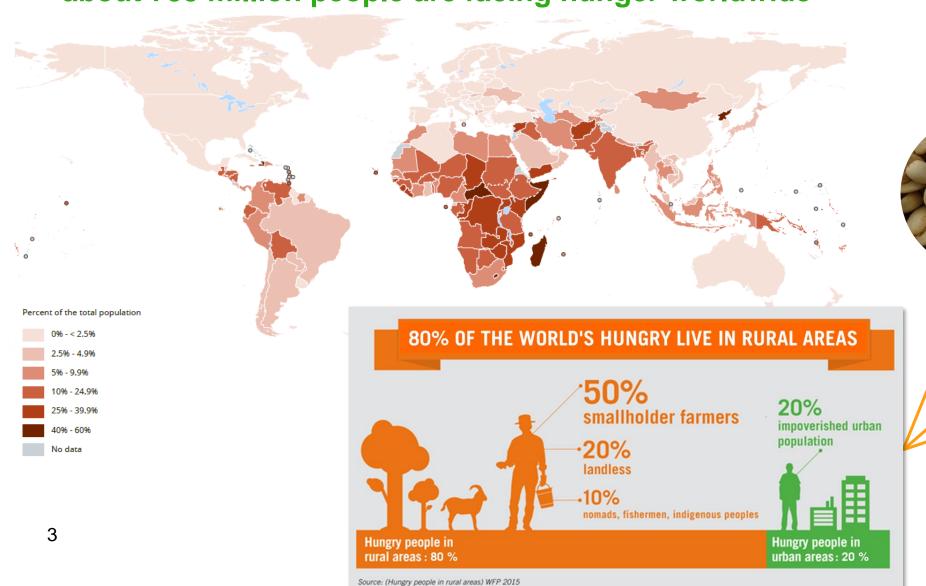
about 733 million people are facing hunger worldwide



Hunger and Agricultural Export Production









CORPORATE HUMAN RIGHTS DUE DILIGENCE

Human rights due diligence is a way for enterprises to proactively manage potential and actual adverse human rights impacts with which they are involved.

- ✓ Identifying and assessing actual or potential impacts
- ✓ Integrating findings from impact assessments across company processes
- ✓ Tracking effectiveness of measures
- ✓ Communicating on how impacts are being addressed

German Lieferkettensorgfaltspflichtengesetz (LkSG)

EU Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD)

EU Deforestation Regulation

The Pathway to Human Rights Due Diligence

- As long as there is hunger, there will be child labour.
- ➤ There will be hunger as long as incomes are too low.
- ➤ There will be low incomes as long as there is no education.
- As long as there are no health and social security systems, the workforce will be weak.





As long as there is hunger in agri-value chains, due diligence requirements will not be met.

The Pathway to Human Rights Due Diligence

- ✓ Human rights due diligence is not achieved through isolated actions, but by creating an enabling environment.
- ✓ Farm or plantation management that contributes to an enabling environment also improves the economic sustainability of the business.



Addressing the issue of food security is an efficient way to ensure Human Rights Due Diligence.



The Food Security Standard (FSS)

- FSS was developed by Welthungerhilfe, WWF and ZEF (University of Bonn, Germany) to help the private sector respond to food insecurity and human rights due diligence obligations.
- It is currently managed by Welthungerhilfe and Meo Carbon Solutions.
- The FSS was developed as an Add-On to any existing sustainability scheme.
- The FSS Add-On looks at the hunger situation holistically as it includes aspects like living income, access to health, access to education, gender equality etc.
- The procedures and tools are adapted to the requirements of smallholders, farms and large plantations.



managed by:





co-financed by:





THE FIVE PILLARS AND 17 PRINCIPLES OF THE FSS



STABILITY

- 1. Apply good governance and respect the rule of law
- 2. Respect national food security and development strategies
- 3. Mitigate natural and human-made disaster risks

ACCESS

- 4. Ensure market access and contribute to local development
- 5. Safeguard long-term farm profitability and fair business conduct
- 6. Respect labour rights and ensure good working conditions
- 7. Provide training and capacity building
- 8. Offer social safety nets

AVAILABILITY

- Respect land rights
- 10. Respect water rights and ensure that water quality and availability are maintained or improved
- 11. Implement sustainable agricultural practices

UTILIZATION

- 12. Provide a setting for the safe utilization of food
- 13. Guarantee good nutrition

CROSS CUTTING ELEMENTS

- 14. Provide complaint and grievance mechanisms
- 15. Respect women's rights and ensure gender equity
- 16. Raise awareness for nutrition and support child education
- 17. Assess and monitor local food security

FSS is a practical translation of the UN guidelines

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16 child labour
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assessment monitoring reporting FSS addresses human rights and environmental risks



FSS complements existing sustainability standards

Existing sustainability standards



Right to Food respected in agricultural production

Demonstrate corporate human rights due diligence

- FSS is designed as an Add-On
- Easy adoption by existing standards
- Combined audit process
- **✓ Effective implementation**











The FSS Toolbox

National Food Security Risk Assessment (NAFSA) Tool



Identifies potential human rights risks by country, with a special focus on the right to food through publicly available data

FSS Audit Procedure Tool (Checklist)



Guideline of verification and serves to develop an improvement plan for monitoring and reporting

Quick Assessment Tool



Determines concrete food security risks at the local level through a questionnaire for workers and stakeholders

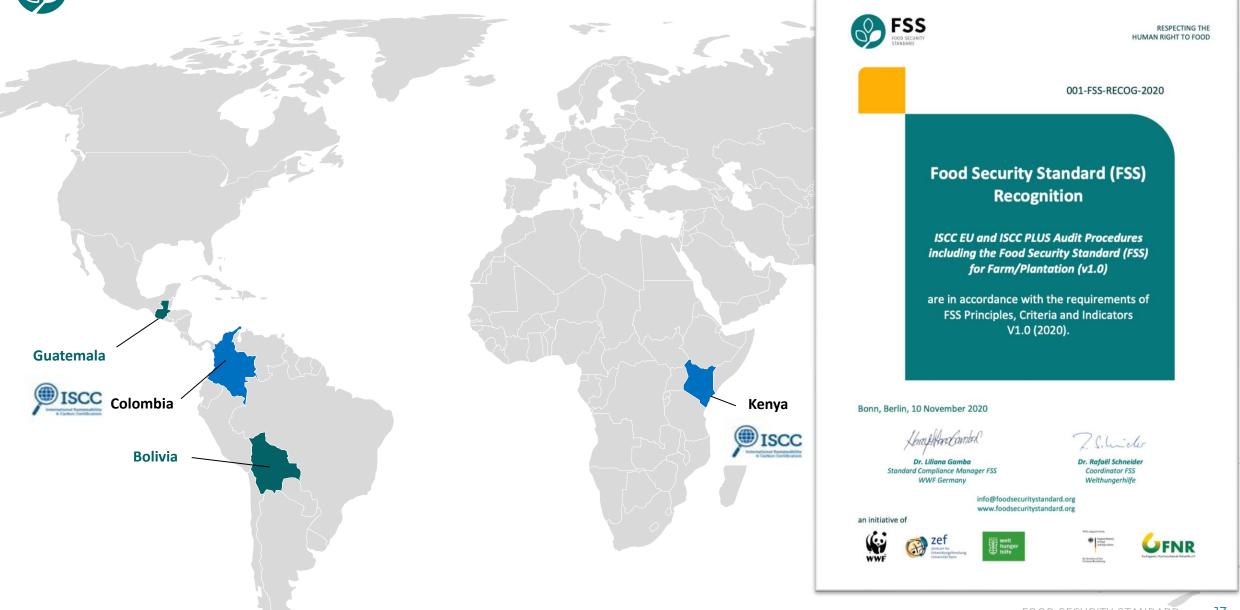


Pilot audits: ISCC supported development of FSS





Early performers: ISCC with FSS Ad on





FSS in Practice – Ensuring Human Rights Due Diligence Compliance



ISCC FOOD SECURITY ADD-ON

GO FOR IT!

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